

STEEP DEBT, SLOW GROWTH, AND HIGH SPENDING KILL EMPIRES— AND AMERICA COULD BE NEXT

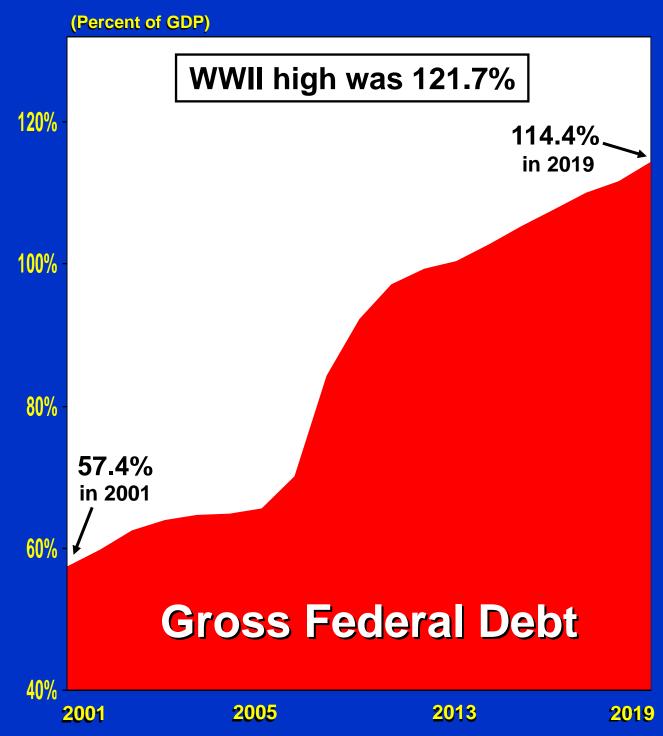
BY NIALL FERGUSON

Newsweek: "An Empire At Risk"

"This is how empires decline. It begins with a debt explosion. It ends with an inexorable reduction in the resources available for the Army, Navy, and Air Force.... If the United States doesn't come up soon with a credible plan to restore the federal budget to balance over the next five to 10 years, the danger is very real that a debt crisis could lead to a major weakening of American power."

Newsweek cover storyBy Niall FergusonNovember 28, 2009

Gross Debt Approaches WWII Levels

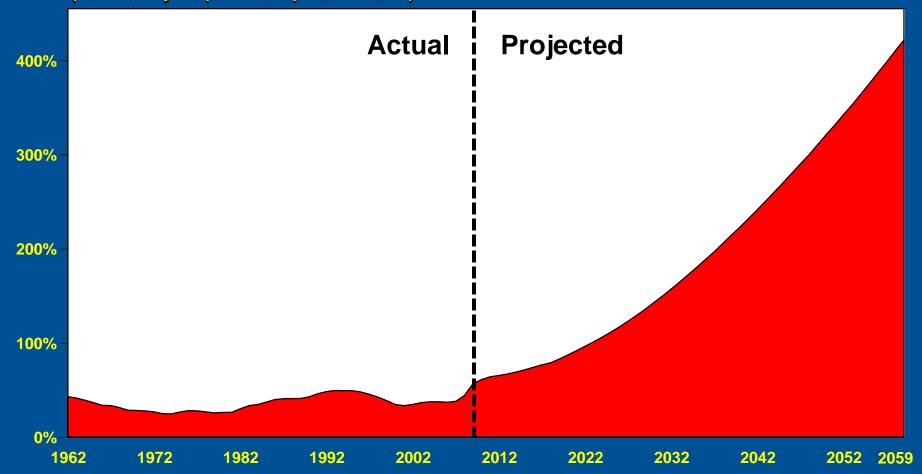


Sources: OMB, SBC, CBO

Note: Gross debt calculations by SBC staff using CBO's "The Budget and Economic Outlook: An Update," adjusted for alternative policies: extension of 2001 and 2003 tax cuts, traditional tax extenders, AMT reform, and ongoing overseas military operations.

Federal Debt Soars Under CBO Long-Term Budget Scenario

(Debt held by the public as a percent of GDP)



Source: CBO Long-Term Budget Outlook, June 2009 Note: CBO alternative fiscal scenario with tax cuts made permanent, AMT indexed for inflation, and Medicare physician payments growing with higher MEI rate.

Bipartisan Fiscal Task Force - Accountability

- All Task Force members directly accountable to American people
- 18 members 10 Democrats (2 from Administration) and 8 Republicans
- Currently-serving members of Congress selected by Democratic and Republican leaders
- Treasury Secretary and one other administration official

Bipartisan Fiscal Task Force - Broad Coverage

- Everything on the table
- Spending and revenues

Bipartisan Fiscal Task Force - Expedited Process

- Recommendations to be submitted after 2010 election
- Fast-track consideration in Senate and House
- No amendments
- Final vote before 111th Congress adjourns

Bipartisan Fiscal Task Force - Bipartisan Outcome

- 14 of 18 Task Force members must agree to recommendations
- Final passage requires supermajorities (3/5 vote) in both Senate and House
- President must still sign retains veto power